

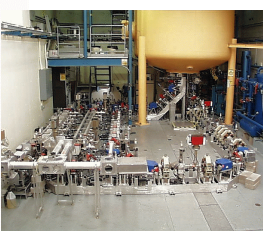
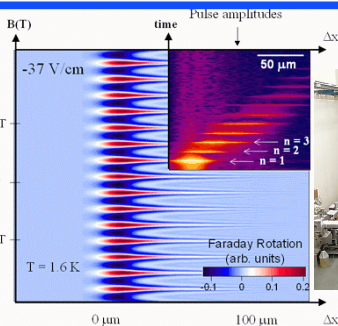
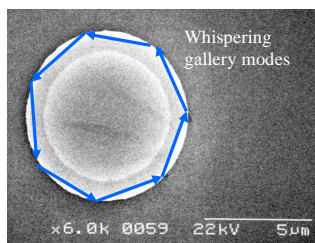
## Rabi oscillations of impurity-bound electrons in semiconductors

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UCSB

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## Quantum Information Research at UCSB



Quantum Optics with Quantum Dots  
(A. Imamoglu group)

Manipulation of Electron and Nuclear  
Spins in Semiconductors with Interband Light  
(D. D. Awschalom group)

Manipulation of 3-D Confined  
Electrons with terahertz radiation  
(M. S. Sherwin group)

Materials and processing: Evelyn Hu, Pierre Petroff, Art Gossard groups



## Acknowledgments

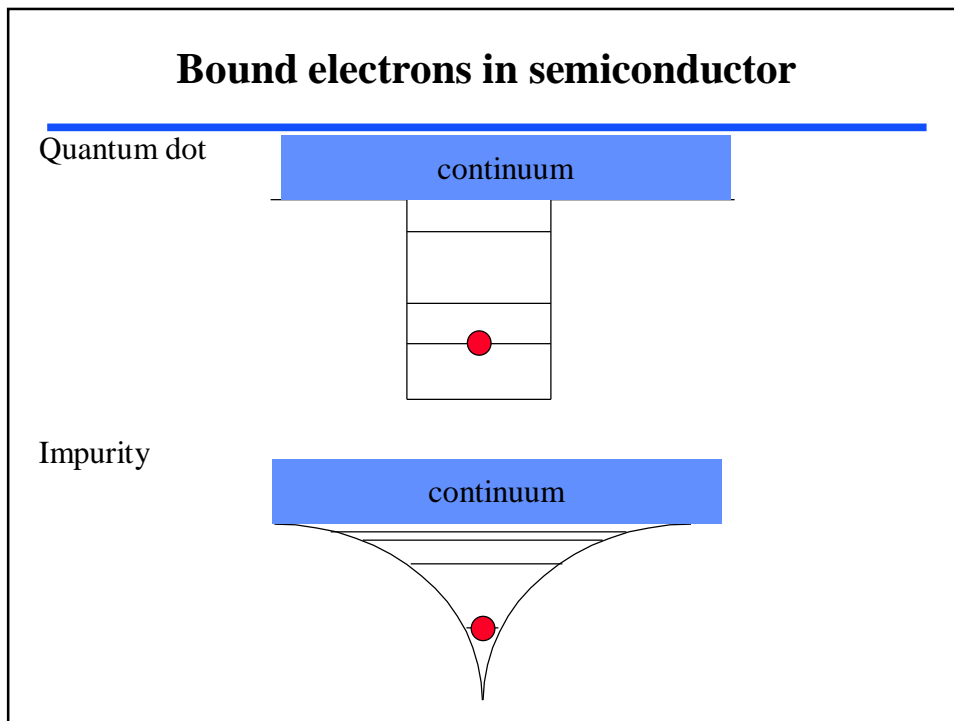
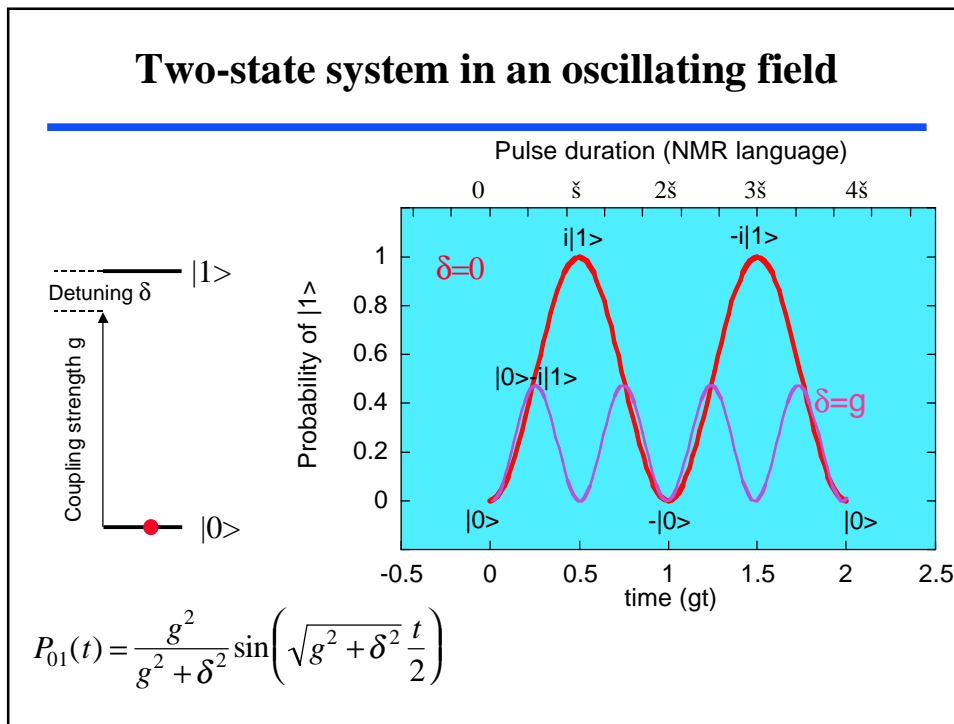
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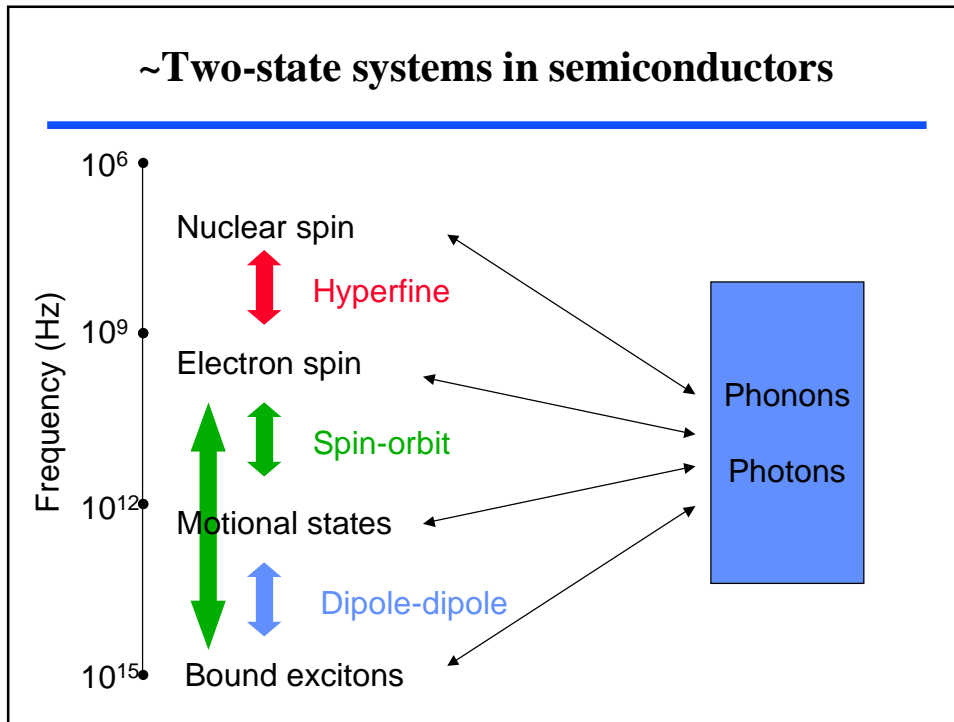
- Collaborators:
  - Dr. Bryan Cole (Now at Toshiba, Cambridge)
  - Jon Williams (Ph. D. 2000, now post-doc at Caltech)
  - Rabi osc. impurities. – Sean Roy (undergraduate, now string theorist at Stanford)
  - Dr. Tom King (post-doc)
  - Matt Doty (Ph. D. student)
  - Prof. Colin Stanley (U. of Glasgow)
  - Dr. Philippe Boucaud (Centre d'Electronique Fondamentale)
  - THz Absorption Q. Dots – Kohl Gill (Ph. D. student)
  - Dr. W. Schonfeld
  - Prof. P. Petroff
  - THz resonators – Nathan Jukam (Ph. D. student)
  - Prof. Atac Imamoglu
  - Prof. D. D. Awschalom
- Support:
  - DARPA, ARO.

## Outline

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- Two-state systems and quantum bits
- Observation of Rabi oscillations in a doped semiconductor
- Implications for quantum information processing





### Hydrogenic donors

- Example: Si in GaAs
- Effective mass approx.: H atom w.
  - $m \rightarrow m^* = 0.067$
  - Dielectric const.  $\rightarrow 13$
  - $R_y \rightarrow R_y^* \sim (m^*/m_0) (1/\epsilon^2) 13.6 \text{ eV} \sim 4 \text{ meV}$

Bohr radius  $(m_0/m^*)\epsilon a_0 \sim 10 \text{ nm}$

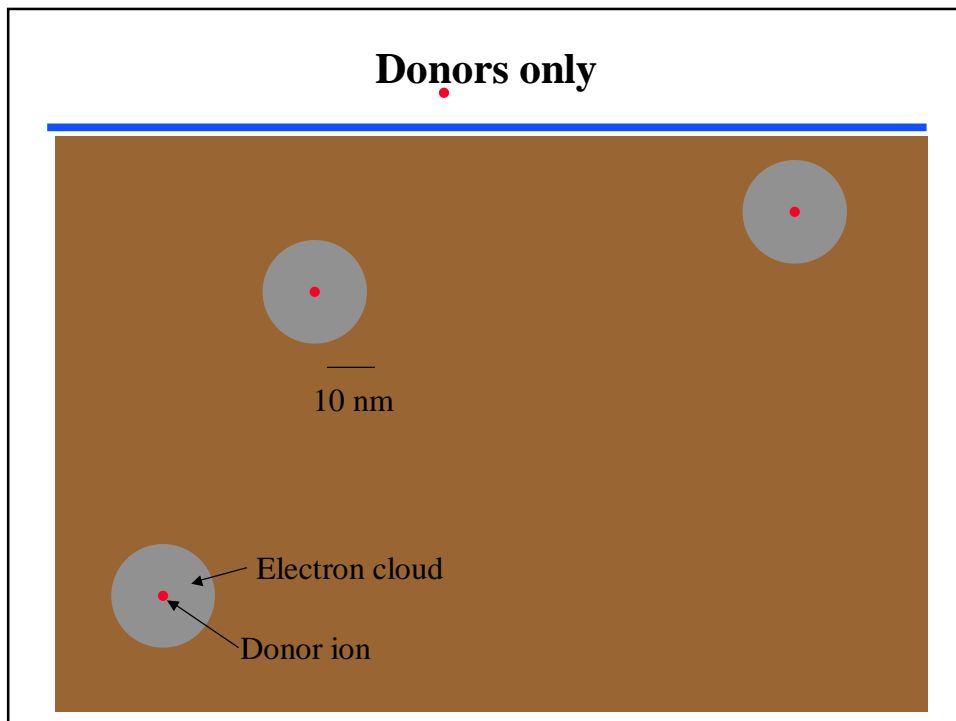
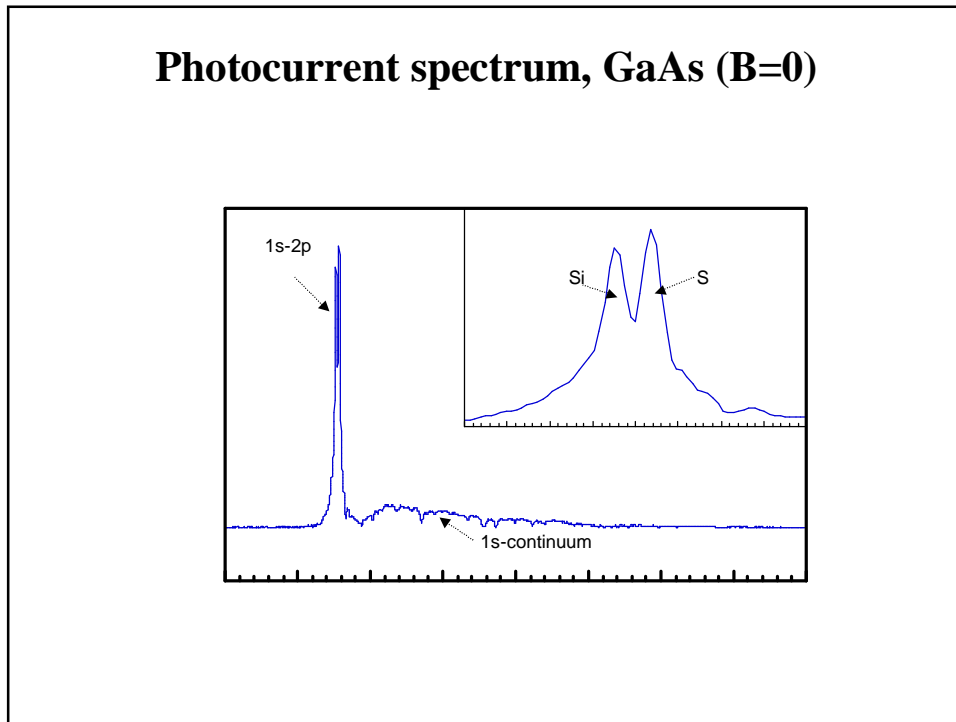
Si atom

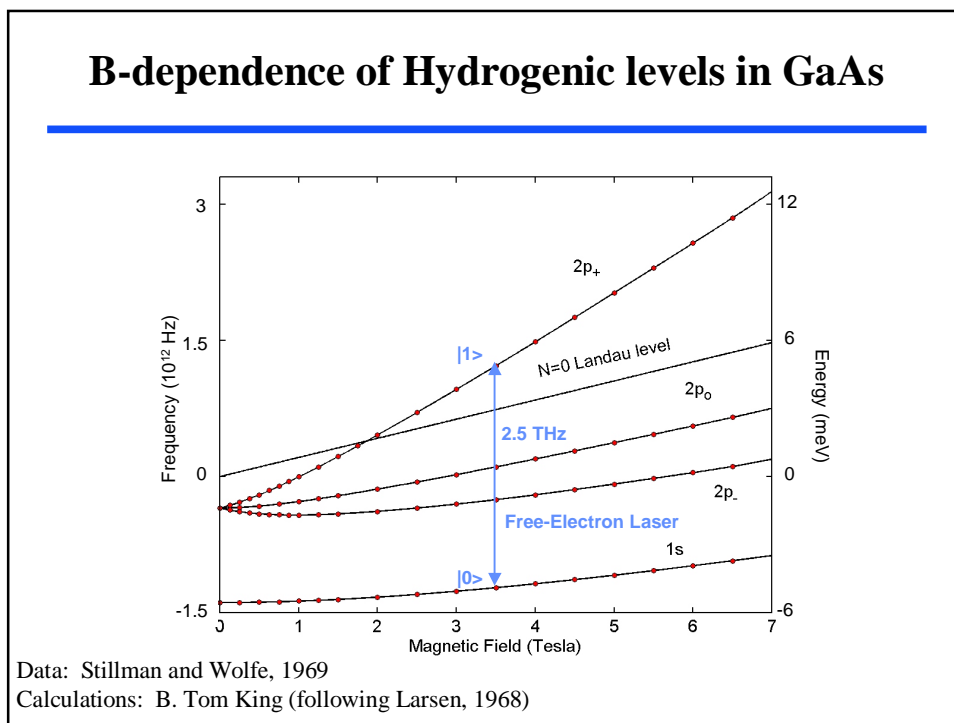
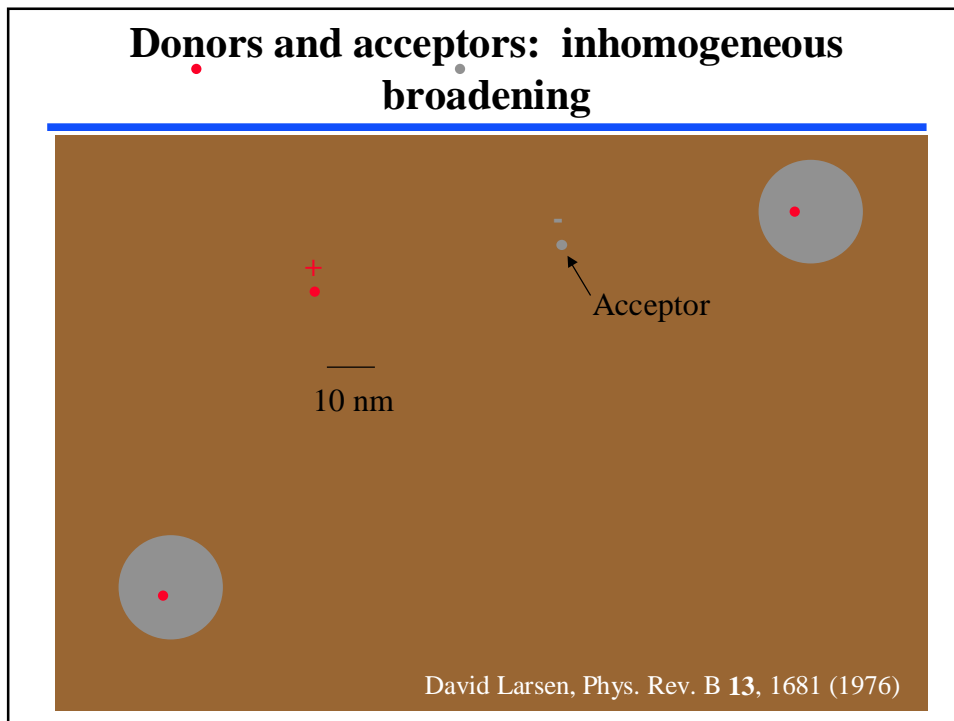
- Samples & experiment
  - Epitaxial GaAs,  $N_D - N_A = 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$
  - From Prof. Colin Stanley, U. Glasgow

photocurrent

THz from FTIR

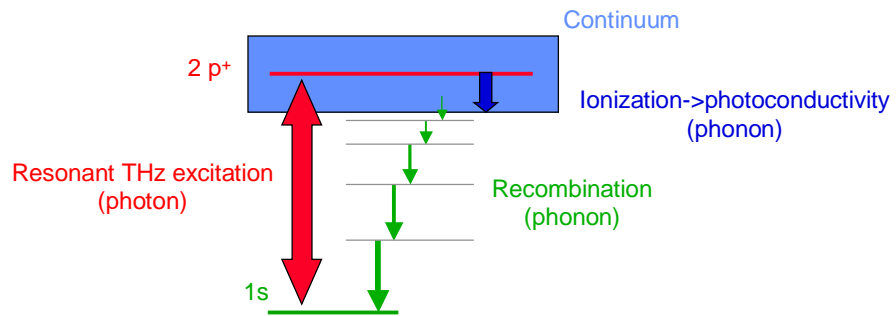
photoconductor





## Mechanism for resonant photoresponse

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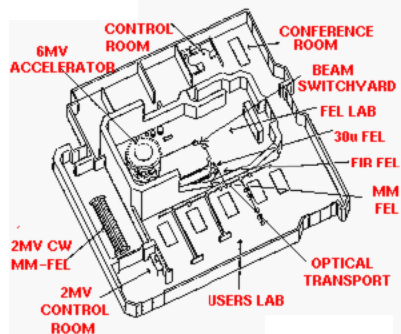
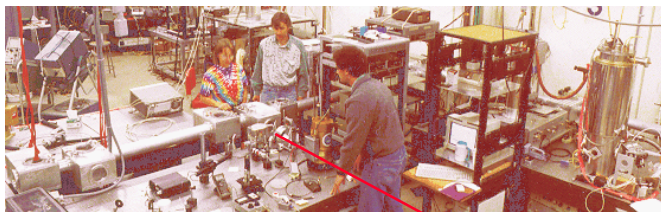


## The UCSB free-electron laser and user lab

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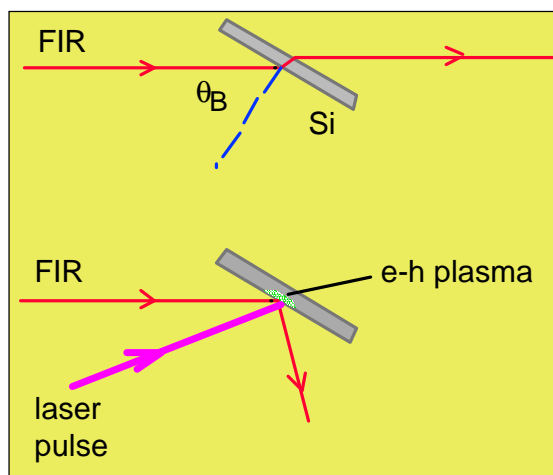


## UCSB Free-Electron Lasers



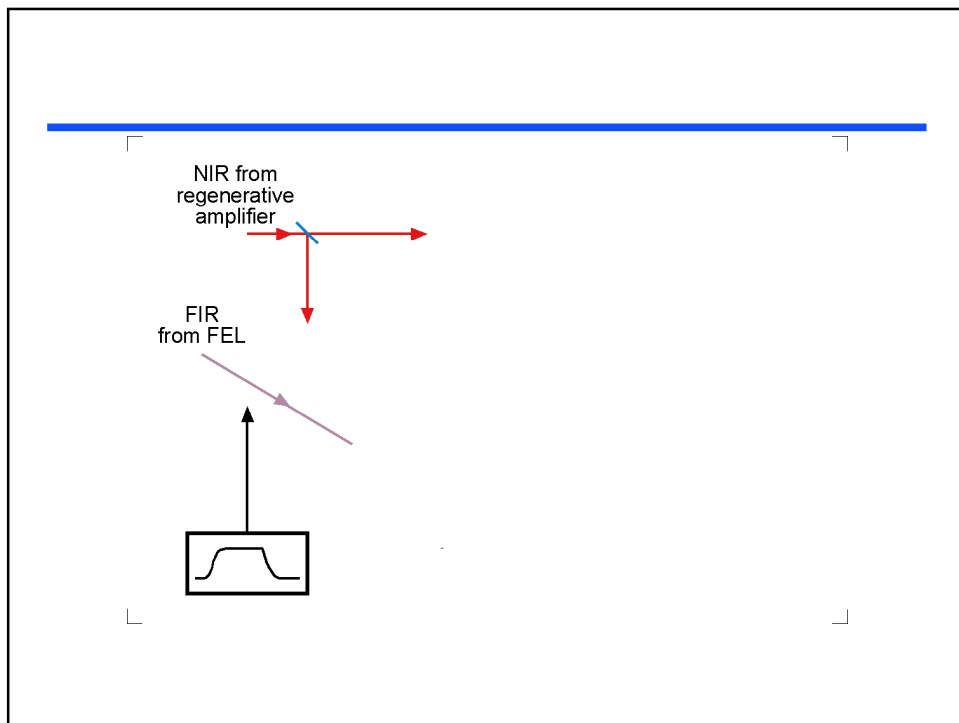
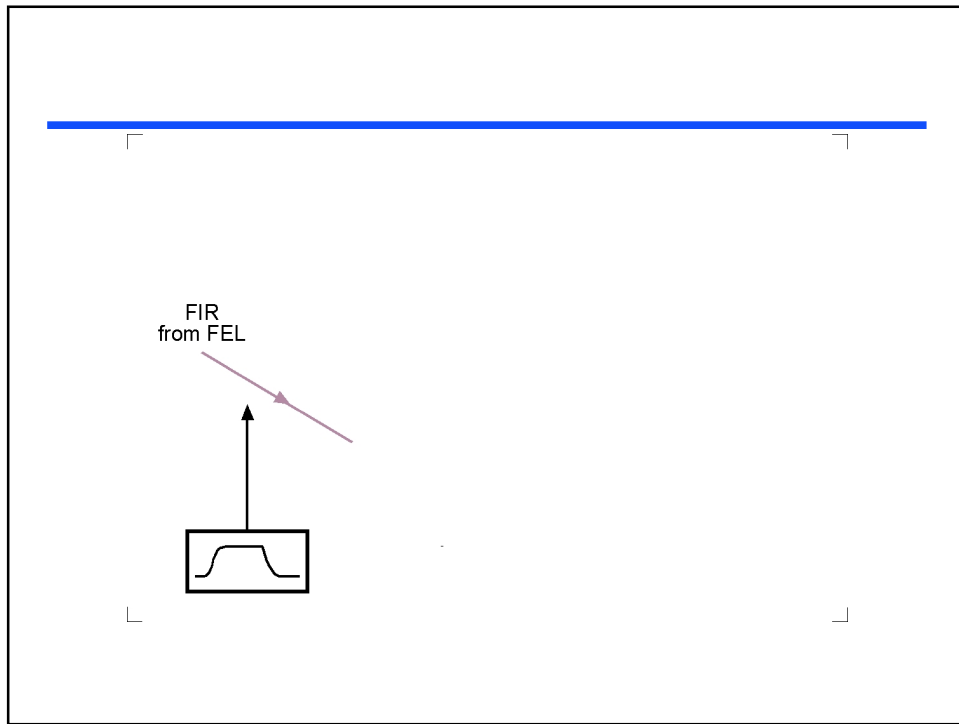
- $0.12 - 4.8 \times 10^{12}$  Hz  
( $0.5-20$  meV,  $4-160$   $\text{cm}^{-1}$ )
- $500\text{W} - 5$  kW peak power
- $1-20$   $\mu\text{s}$  pulse duration
- $4$  Hz repetition rate

## ps-to-ns pulse generation: light-activated semiconductor switches

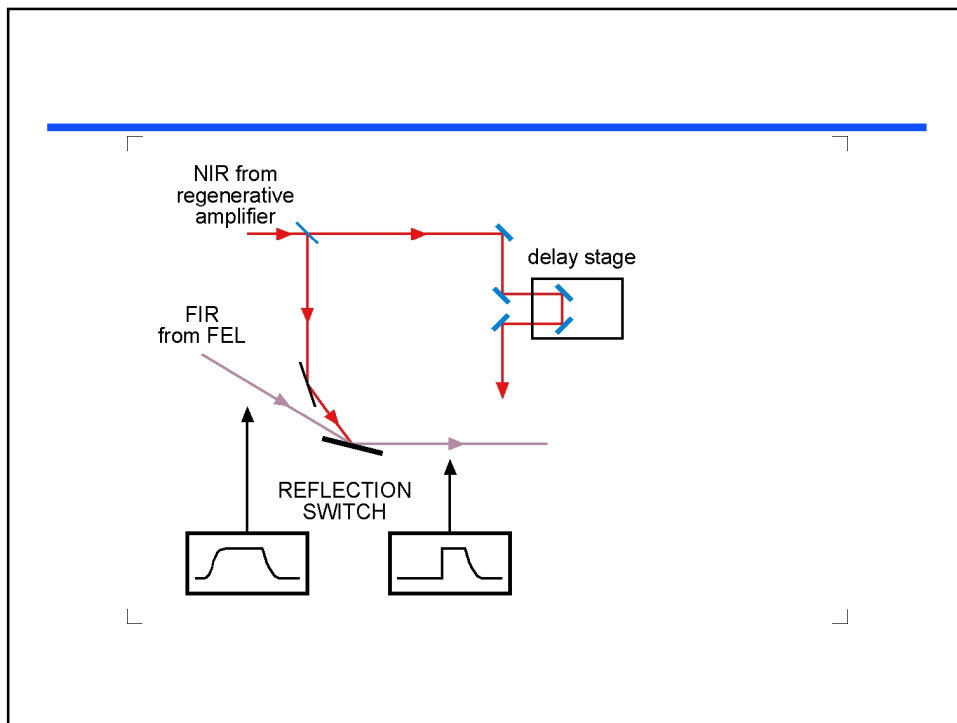
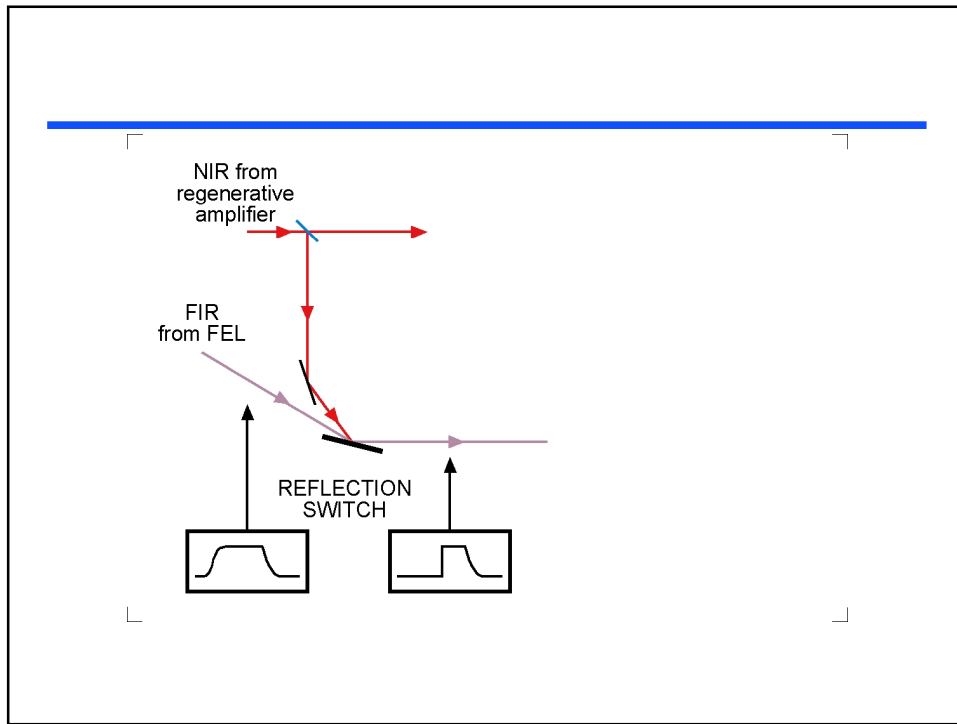




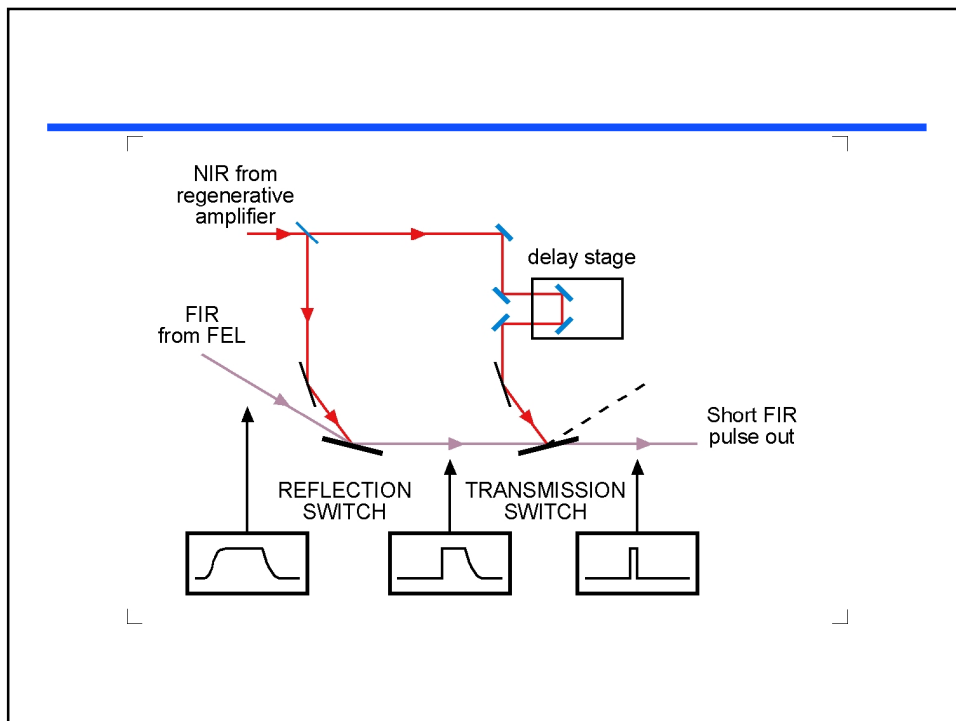
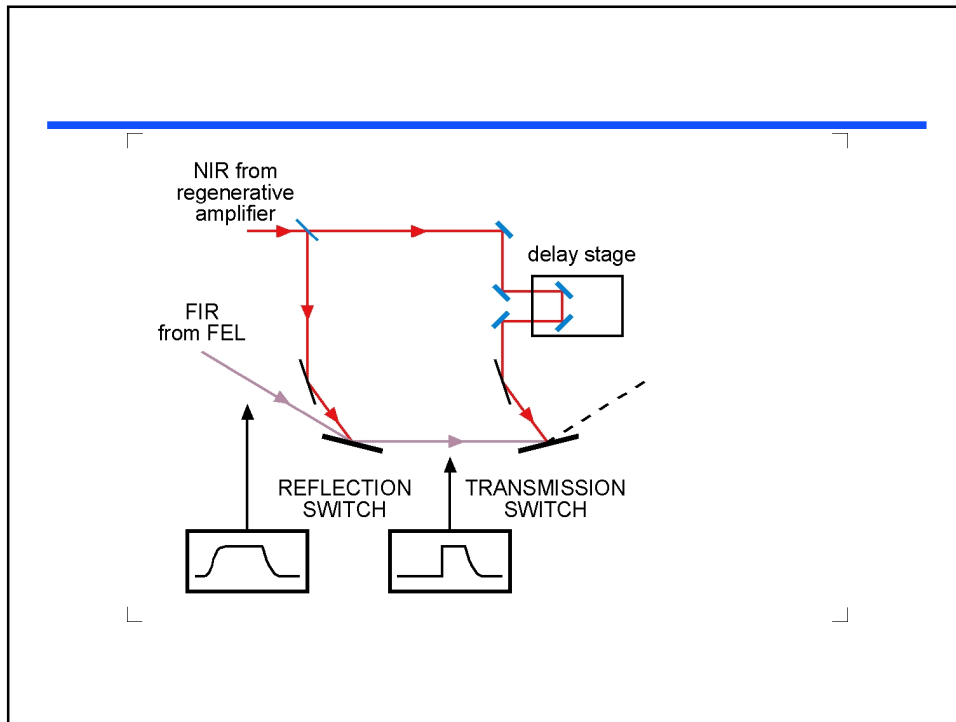
# Rabi Oscillations of Impurity-Bound Electrons in Semiconductors

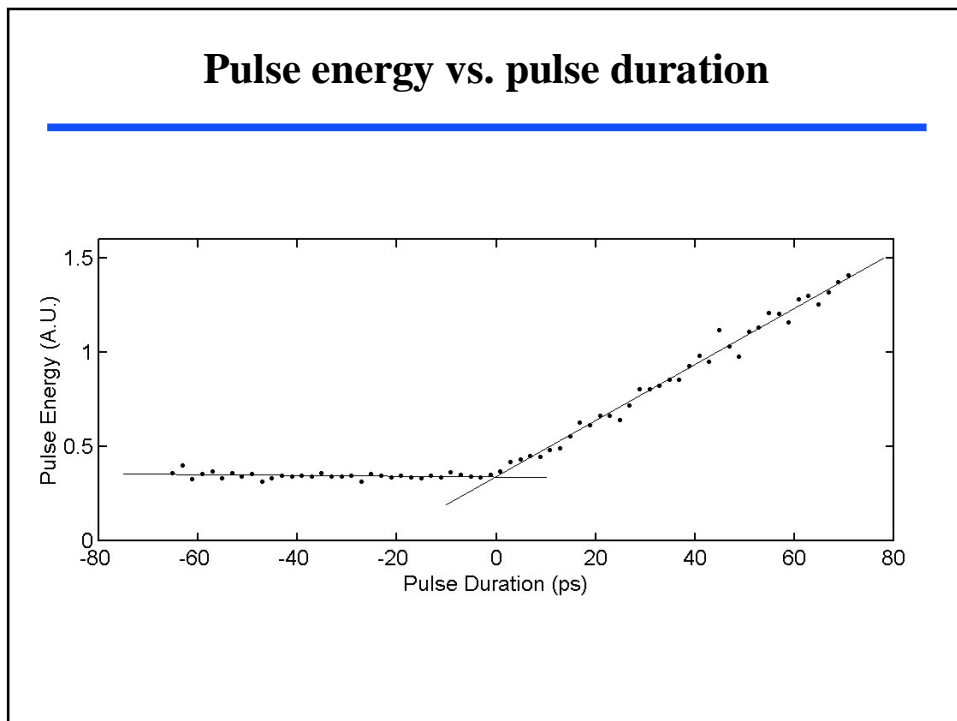
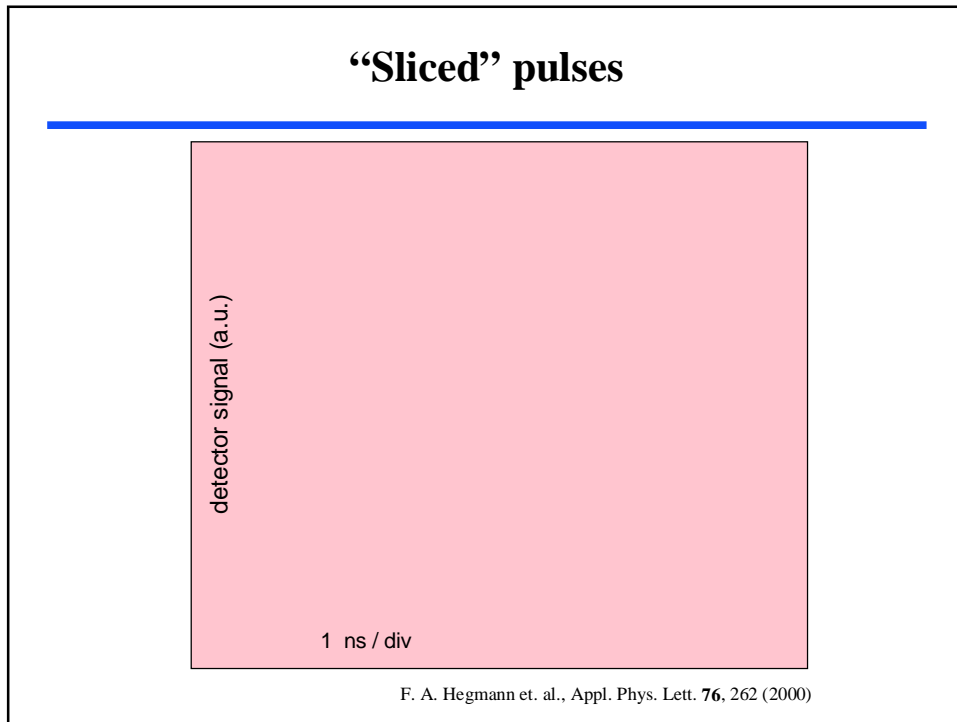


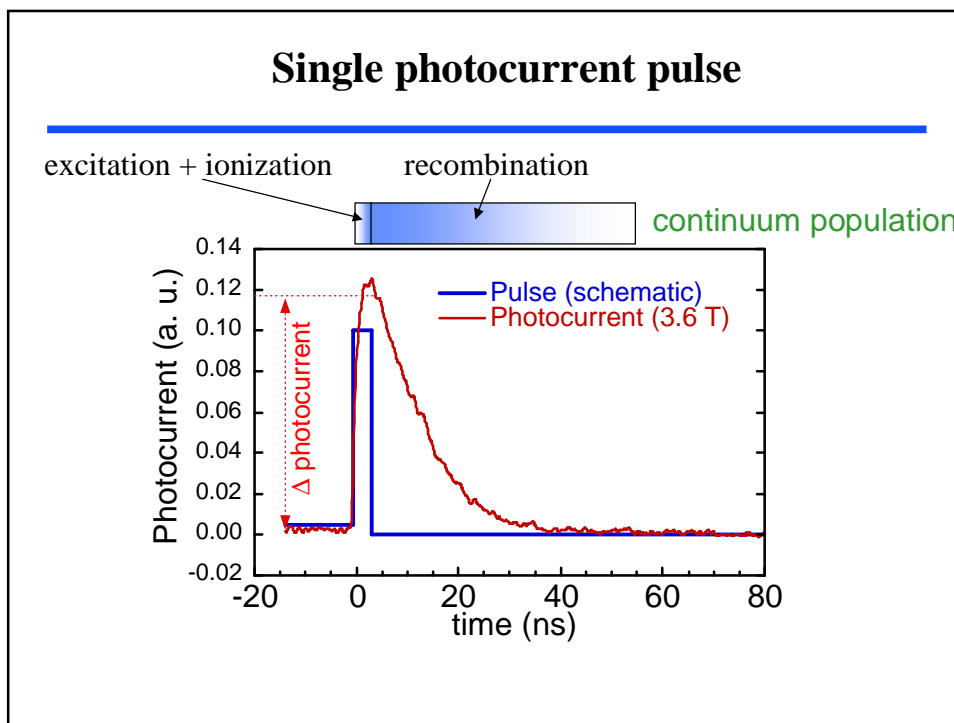
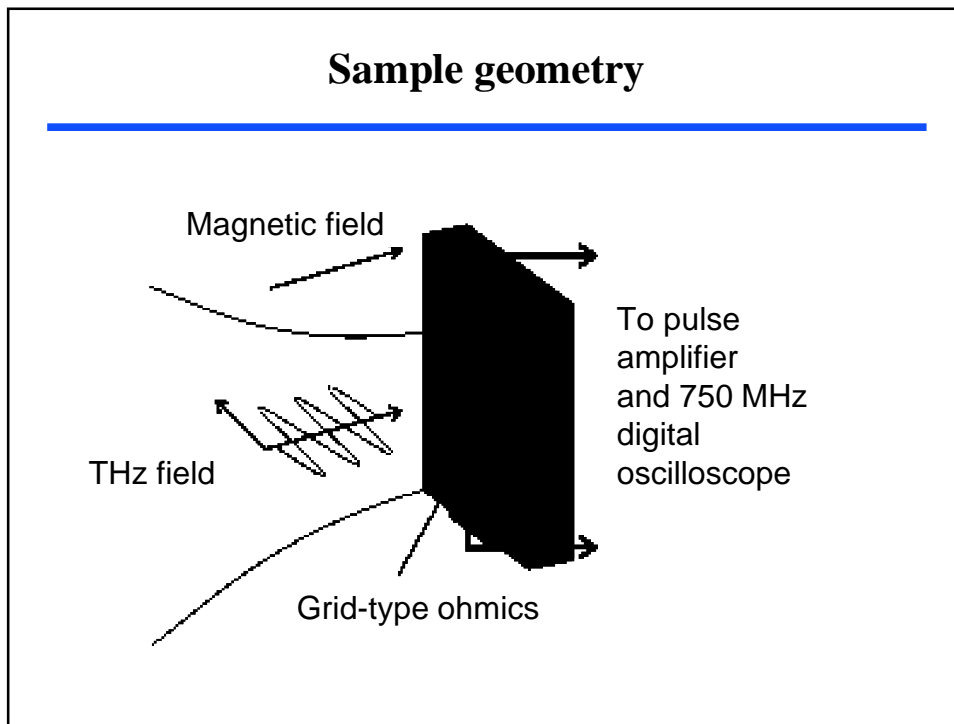
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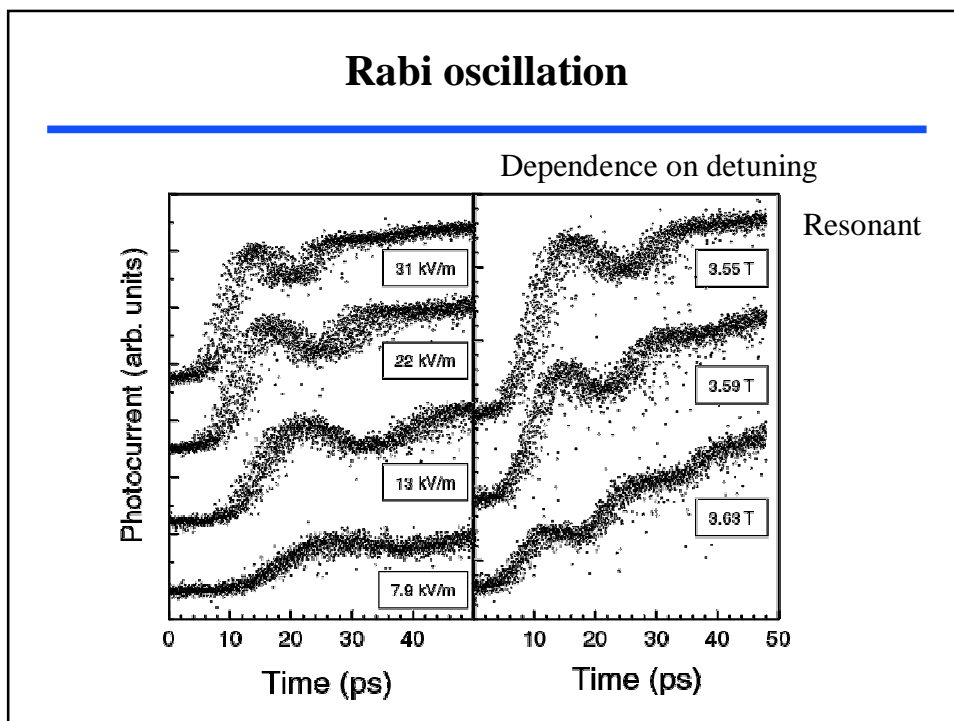
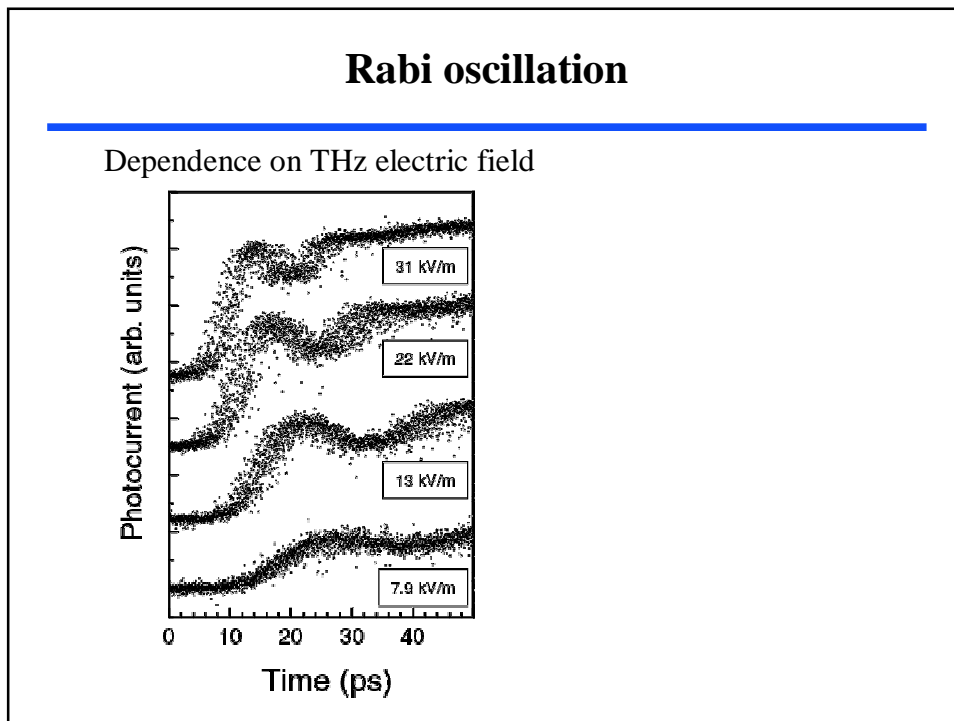


# Rabi Oscillations of Impurity-Bound Electrons in Semiconductors









## Density Matrix Model

- Equations
  - 1s:  $|1\rangle$
  - 2p<sup>+</sup>:  $|2\rangle$
  - $\gamma_1$ : population relaxation rate
  - $\gamma_2$ : dephasing rate
  - $\gamma_3$ : ionization rate
  - Initial conditions:  
 $\rho_{11}(\tau=0)=1, \rho_{12}(0)=\rho_{22}(0)=0$

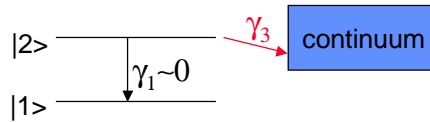
$$\dot{\rho}_{11} = \frac{1}{i\hbar} [H, \rho]_{11} + \gamma_1 \rho_{22}$$

$$\dot{\rho}_{22} = \frac{1}{i\hbar} [H, \rho]_{22} - \gamma_1 \rho_{22} - \gamma_3 \rho_{22}$$

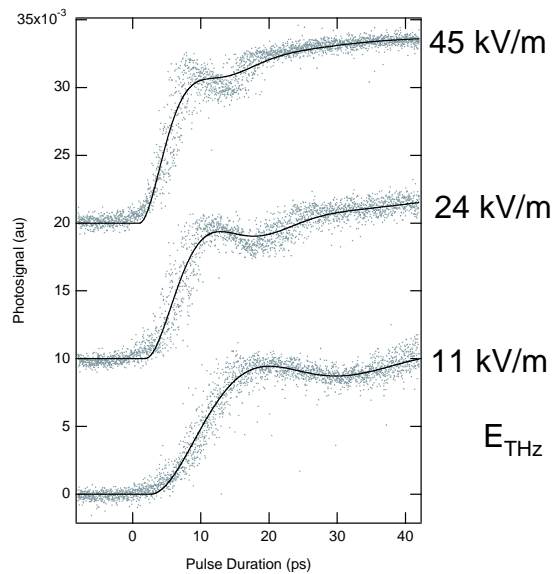
$$\dot{\rho}_{12} = (\dot{\rho}_{12})^* = \frac{1}{i\hbar} [H, \rho]_{12} - \gamma_2 \rho_{12}$$

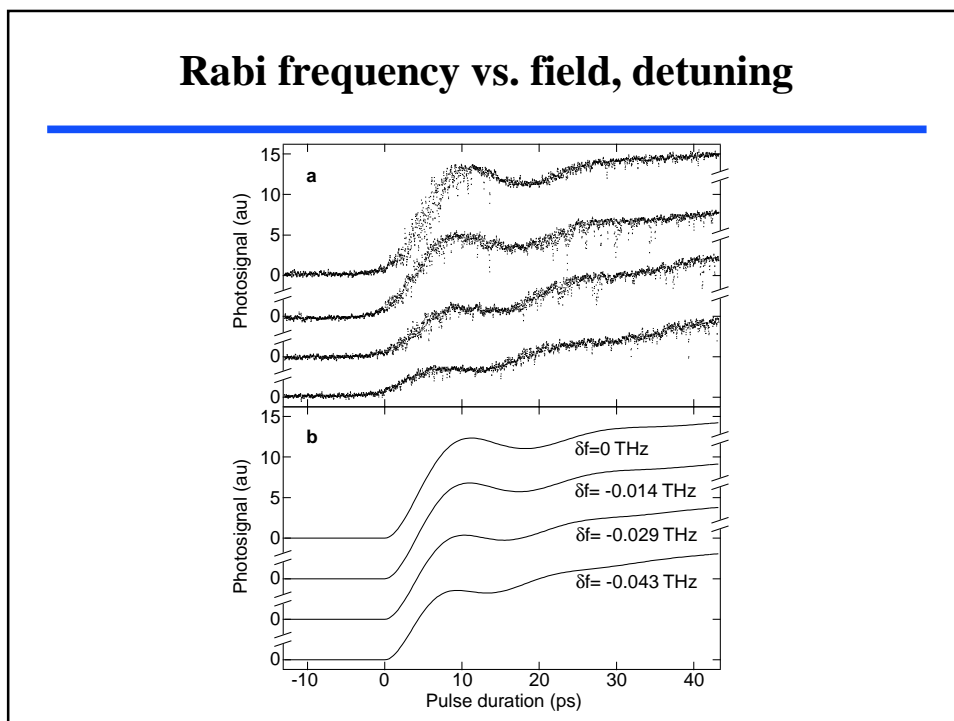
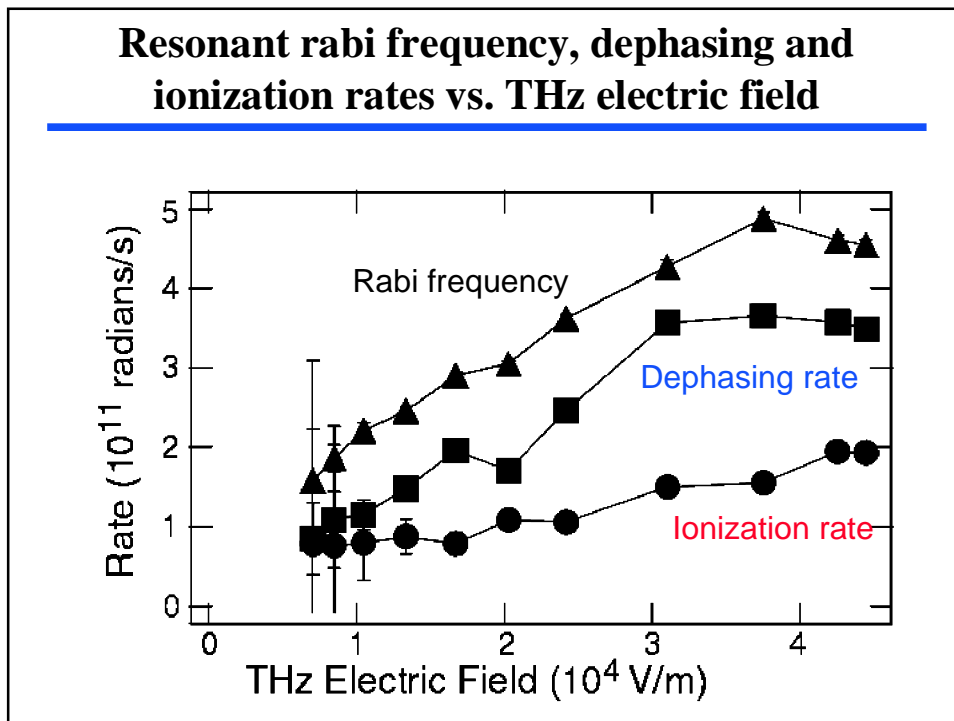
$$H = H_0 + e\vec{E}_{THz}(t) \cdot \vec{x}$$

photocurrent signal  $\propto (1 - \rho_{11}(\tau))$

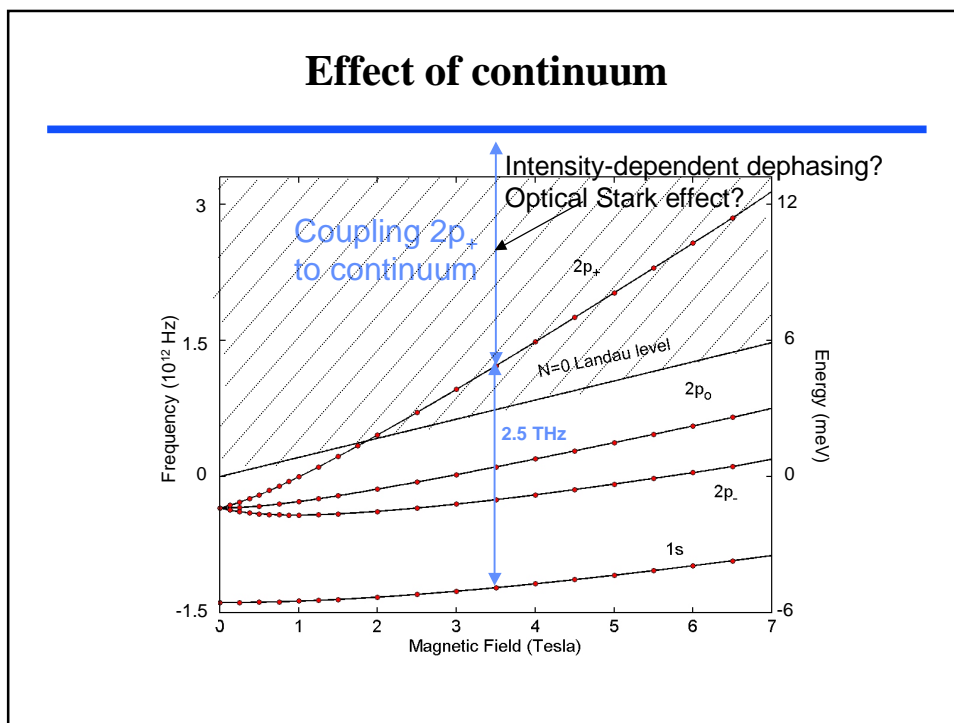
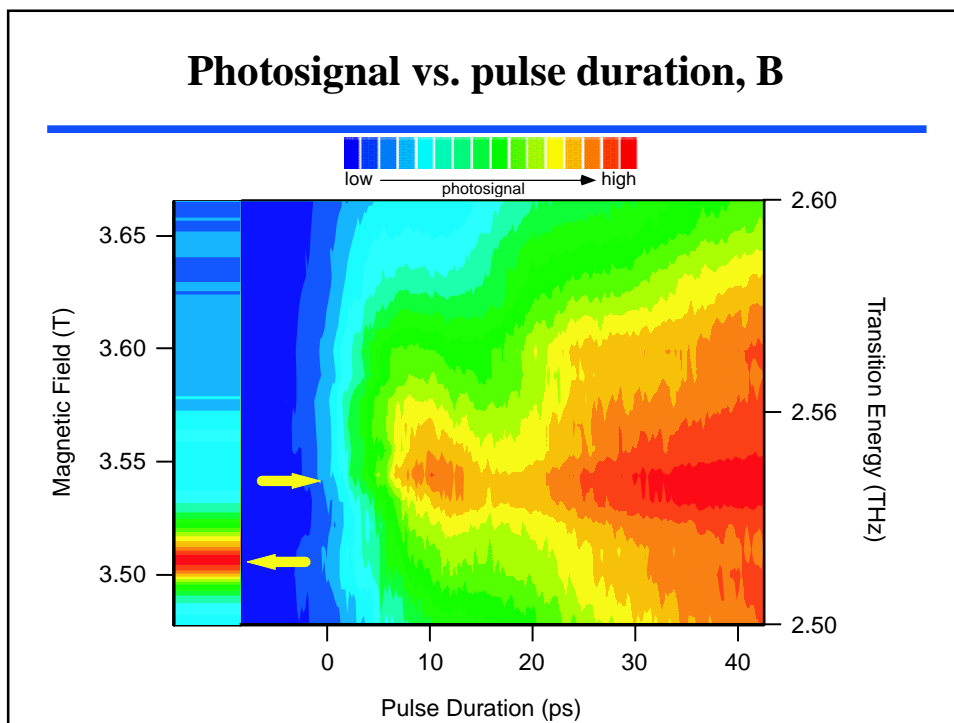


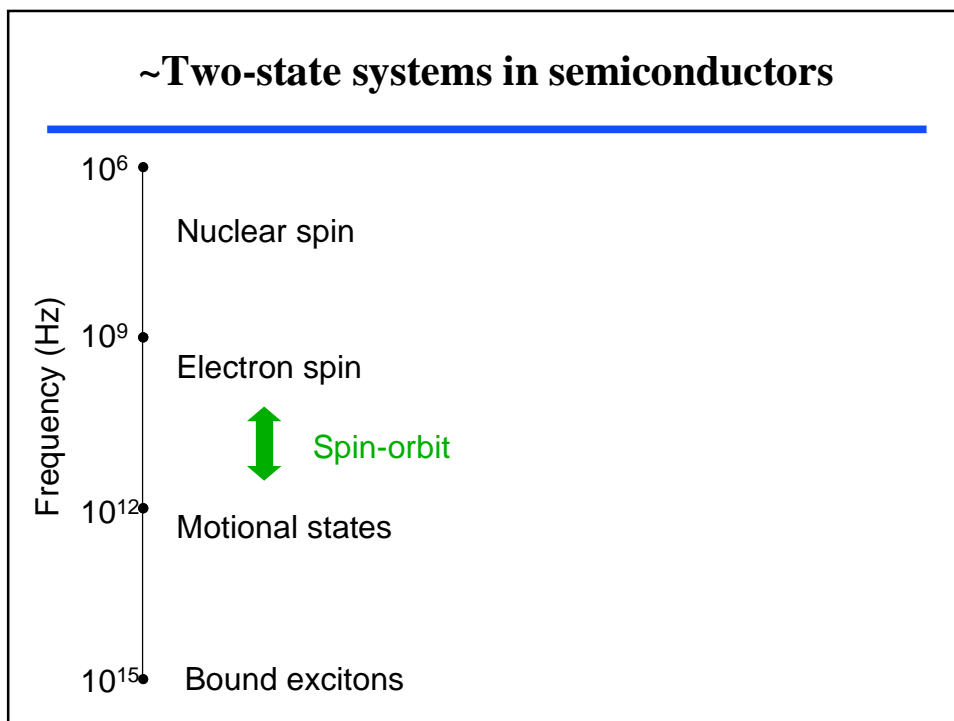
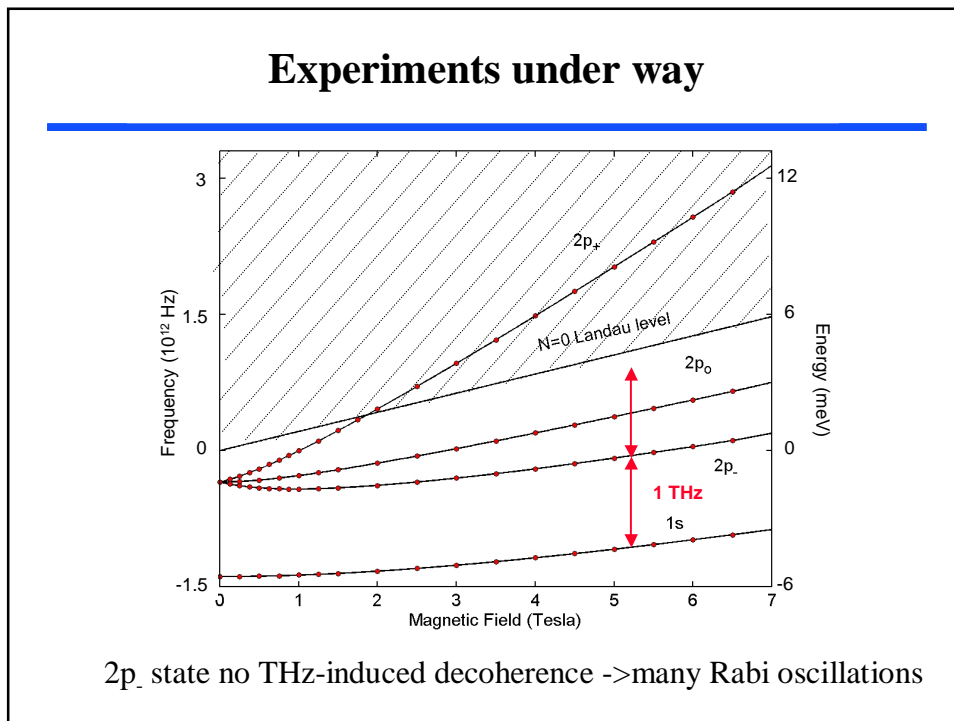
## Power dependence of Rabi oscillation



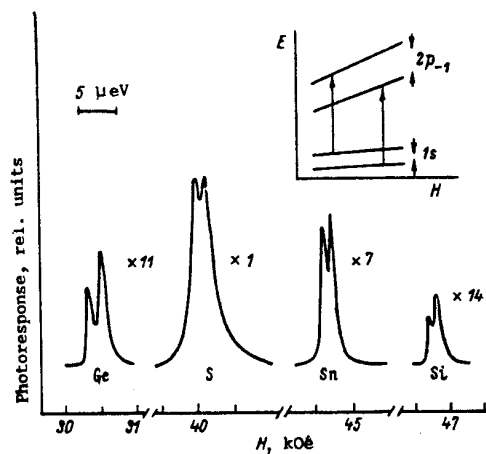






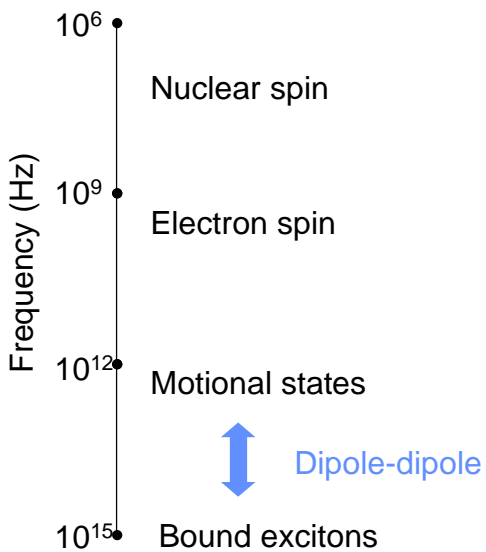


### Spin-orbit splitting of 1s-2p<sub>-1</sub> transition

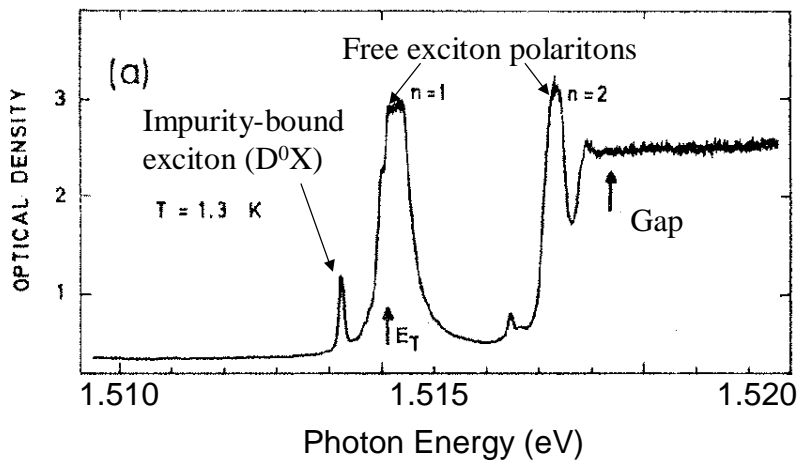


V. G. Golubev et. al., Sov. Phys. Semic. **21**, 18 (1987)

### ~Two-state systems in semiconductors

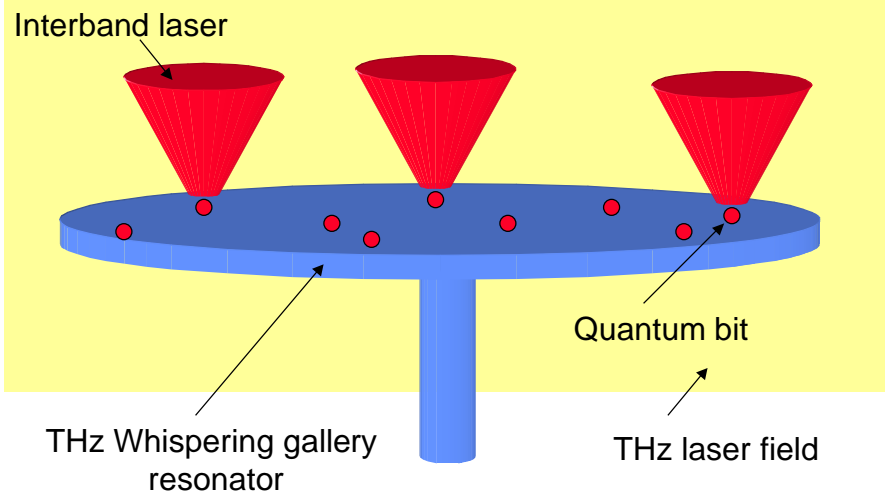


### Absorption of high-purity GaAs

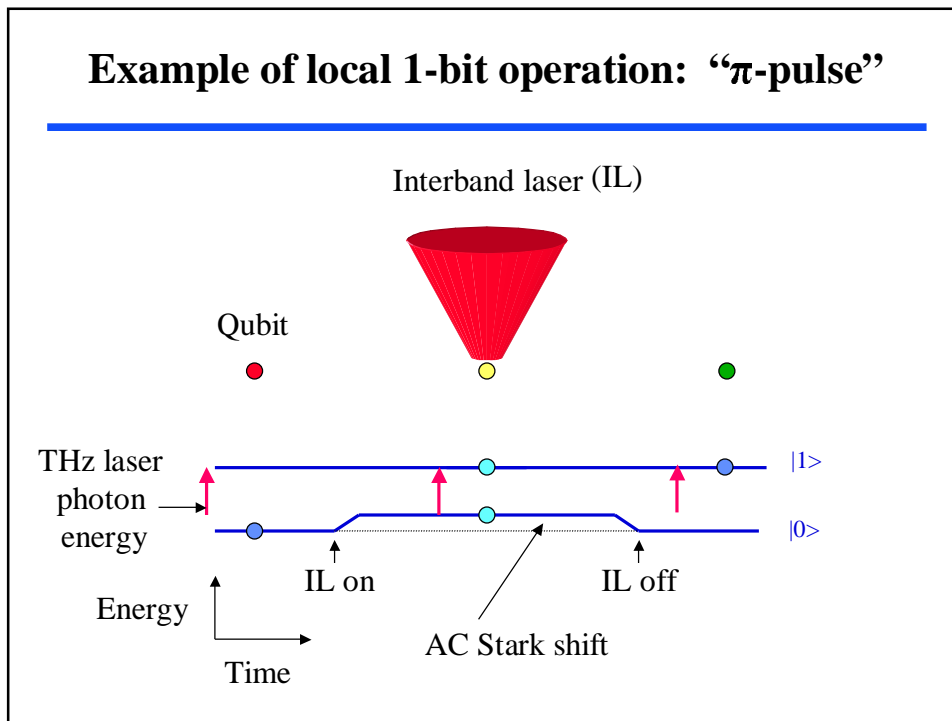


3.7  $\mu\text{m}$  thick sample R. G. Ulbrich and G. W. Fehrenbach, Phys. Rev. Lett. **43**, 963 (1979)

### All-optical semiconducting quantum computer



Sherwin, Imamoglu, Montroy, Phys. Rev. A60, 3508 (1999)  
Imamoglu et. al., PRL 83, 4204



### Theoretical opportunities, figure of merit

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- “First-principles” modeling of experimental data
  - Intensity-dependent dephasing
  - Intensity-dependent frequency
- Realistic calculations of decoherence rates--how long can they be?
  - Nishikawa and Barrie (1962(!))
    - $T_2 \sim 5 \times 10^{-9}$  s (B=0, T=0).
  - Max. observed Rabi frequency (2001)
    - $\Omega = 5 \times 10^{11}$  Radians/s. (B=3.5 T, T=2K)
- How many Rabi oscillations w. o. extrinsic dephasing?
  - $\Omega T_2 = 2500$ ?

## References

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